24-25 TPP Busbar Mapping – Gas Capacity not Retained Criteria Application and Selection

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Energy Division Staff



California Public Utilities Commission

Overview

- The IRP portfolios only contain system level MW information on how much gas is not retained. CPUC staff need to identify specific units to be modeled as not retained in the busbar mapping process for the CAISO to utilize the portfolios in their TPP studies.
- These slide provide:
 - An overview of the selection criteria used to identify existing gas resources to model as not retained in the 24-25 TPP portfolios transmitted to the CAISO.
 - Summary breakdown of the CAISO gas fleet by the criteria factors.
 - Summary of the selection results for the base case and high gas retirement sensitivity portfolios.
- Full workbook of criteria analysis and lists of the specific units selected to be modeled as not retained in both the 24-25 TPP base case and high gas retirement sensitivity is posted to the CPUC webpage:
 - Assumptions for the 2024-2025 TPP

Context

- In developing this sensitivity study and asking CAISO to study in its TPP, CPUC is attempting to collect planning information about the impacts and requirements of potential plant retirements.
 - The CPUC is not directing retirement of specific gas generators via this study.
 - The CPUC is not attempting to assert authority to retire specific units via this study.
- The criteria and list of plants covered herein are meant to used in a study and they describe possible retirement scenarios, which when studies, will provide useful information regarding transmission system impacts triggered by potential plant retirements.
- The energy planning agencies have limited detail regarding potential transmission needs for retiring gas units and these portfolios are an early step in expanding the set of information that can be used in planning and potential procurement in the future.

Gas capacity not retained in the 24-25 TPP portfolios

- Both the Base Case and High Gas Retirement Sensitivity Portfolios have input assumptions for gas capacity not retained that included:
 - Remaining 3.7 MW OTC units retire as currently planned
 - Linear expected phase out of all 1.9 GWs of CHPs between 2031-2040
 - Additional gas retirement of CCGT & Peakers
 - The Base Case has 2.7 GW of gas capacity not retained for economic reasons, as selected by RESOLVE, in both 2034 and 2039 model years.
 - The High Gas Retirement Sensitivity has over 10 GW of gas capacity not retained (by 2039) forced in.
- Purpose of the selection criteria is to identify what plants should represent the amount of gas capacity not retained.

Gas Capacity Not Retained for the 2024-25 TPP Base Case and Sensitivity Portfolios								
Portfolio and Model Year	OTC	CHPs	CCGT & Peakers	Total				
Base Case (2034)	3.7 GW	0.76 GW	2.7 GW	7.1 GW				
Base Case (2039)	3.7 GW	1.7 GW	2.7 GW	8.1 GW				
Gas Retirement Sens. (2034)	3.7 GW	0.76 GW	4.7 GW	9.1 GW				
Gas Retirement Sens. (2039)	3.7 GW	1.7 GW	10.5 GW	15.9 GW				

Gas Plant Factors used in Selection Criteria

Environmental/Community Factors

- 1. Disadvantaged communities Plants in or near DACs receive highest score/priority
- 2. NOx Emissions Rate Plants with highest NOx emissions weighted by Capacity Factor (by plant type) receive highest score/priority
- 3. Air Quality Non-attainment Zones Plants in worse PM2.5 and Ozone non-attainment areas receive highest score/priority

Performance Related Factors

- 4. Heat Rate Plants with highest heat rate (by plant type) receive highest score/priority
- 5. Age Oldest plants (by plant type) receive highest score/priority

Local Reliability Factors

- 6. Local Effectiveness Factor (LEF) Highest CAISO local area effectiveness factor plants have lowest priority. Plants with no effectiveness factor receive highest priority/score.
- Based on stakeholder feedback, CPUC staff have dropped Capacity Factor (CF) as an individual factor in the selection criteria

Selection Criteria Scoring

- CPUC staff implemented a scoring criteria based on the six factors to develop a prioritized ranking of plants to model as not retained.
- Selection Criteria Score calculated by weighing the six factors by their categories by following percentage:
 - 50 % for Env/Community factors
 - The scores of the three factors: DAC, NOx, and Non-Attainment Zone, are summed and provide 50% of the total score
 - 25 % for Performance factors
 - The score of the two factors: Heat Rate & Age, are summed and provide 25% of the total score
 - 25 % for Local Reliability
 - The local area effectiveness factor (LEF) score provide 25% of the total score
- Include two additional screens to exclude generators from being selected:
 - Exclude generator if it is in youngest Age Factor quartile
 - Exclude generator if it is in the highest Local Effectiveness Factor (LEF) quartile.

Selection Criteria Scoring (cont'd)

- Units are selected highest scores first until the selected plants have a combined MW capacity roughly equal to the amount retired in the selected model year.
 - When selecting between plants with the same score, staff generally narrowed comparison to Age, LEF, and DAC scores.
- The CHPs are separated out from CCGT & Peakers and selected separately due to the modeling input assumptions having a fixed retirement date for CHPs.
 - The same selection criteria and scoring process is applied to CHPs
 - For 2039 model year, selected CHP units include some units in flagged by the two additional screens as portfolios are not retaining 1.7 GW of 1.9 GW of CHPs identified.

Overview of Gas Plants in CAISO by Criteria Factors



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CCGTs & Peakers in CAISO

- Summary of non-CHP and non-OTC plants in the CAISO system by criteria factors scores:
 - Represents ~25 GWs of CCGT and Peakers in the CAISO,.

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

SCE



CCGT & Peakers in CAISO (MWs by Criteria Factors)											
	Plant Type		PTO Location	Rating	CF Quartile (by Plant Type)	Heat Rate Quartile (by Plant Type)	Age Quartile (by Plant Type)	LEF Quartile *	DAC	Nox - Quartile (by Plant Type)	NAZ
CCGT	16,228	PG&E	12,569	1	2,935	8,557	7,572	2,184	4,822	4,262	9,097
Peaker	8,767	SCE	9,131	2	6,964	5,549	7,576	8,770	2,634	7,206	3,395
		SDGE	3,294	3	7,157	6,506	4,607	2,971	8,235	7,483	2,088
				4	7,253	2,410	5,240	11,069	9,303	3,799	10,415
			No E)ata (2.5)	685	1,974	_	_		2,244	

CCGTs & Peakers in PG&E

• Summary for the 2.5 GW of CCGT and Peakers in PG&E



Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

CCGTs & Peakers in SCE

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

• Summary for 9.1 GW of CCGT and Peakers in SCE



CCGTs & Peakers in SDG&E

 Summary for 3.3 GW of CCGT and Peakers in SDG&E

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker



Summary of Units Selected to be Modeled as not Retained for the 24-25 TPP Base Case and Sensitivity Portfolios



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Base Case Portfolio (2034 & 2039)

 Criteria factors overview of the 2.7 GW of CCGTs and Peakers selected for the 2034 & 2039 model years.

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

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SCE

Base Case Portfolio – 2034 and 2039 – CCGTs & Peakers



High Gas Retirement Sensitivity (2034)

 Criteria factors overview of the 4.7 GW of CCGTs and Peakers selected for the 2034 model year.

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

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High Gas Retirement Sensitivity (2039)

 Criteria factors overview of the 10.5 GW of CCGTs and Peakers selected for the 2039 model year.

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

Location

PG&E

SDG&E

4th Quartile (i.e.,

highest CF, oldest)

SCE

High Gas Retirement Sens – 2039 – CCGTs & Peakers 12,000 10,000 1,334 2,332 2.796 .581 **MWs (NDC)** 8,000 4.858 **5,118** 2,543 5,468 6.700 <mark>7,76</mark>7 3,268 6,000 **5,328** 3.405 1,564 4,000 1,238 3,992 5.680 2,704 4.475 1,146 .,336 2,000 .258 2,601 <mark>1,62</mark>6 .543 799 279 Plant PTO CF NAZ Heat Rate LEF DAC Age Nox -Quartile Quartile Quartile* Location Quartile Quartile Type (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant Type) Type) Type) Type) Ozone & PM2.5 NAZ CF, Heat Rate, Age, NOx DAC LEF 1. Not in Either 1st Quartile (i.e., lowest 1. >10 mi from DAC 1. 1st Quartile CF, youngest) (largest LEF) 2. 2. < 10 mi ^{2nd} Quartile 2. 2nd & 3rd 3. 3. < 5 mi 3rd Quartile

4. In DAC

3. 4th Quartile

4. No LEF number

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4. In highest for both

High Gas Retirement Sensitivity (2039)

• MW % of amount in full CAISO Fleet that is selected by criteria factors for the 2039 model year of the high gas retirement sensitivity portfolio.

	Plant Type		PTO Location	Rating	CF Quartile (by Plant Type)	Heat Rate Quartile (by Plant Type)	Age Quartile (by Plant Type)	LEF Quartile	DAC	Nox - Quartile (by Plant Type)	ΝΑΖ
CCGT	43%	PG&E	45%	1	39%	38%	0%	0%	6%	36%	29%
Peaker	41%	SCE	53%	2	39%	61%	59%	19%	30%	19%	0%
		SDGE	0%	3	22%	39%	71%	39%	48%	71%	59%
				4	71%	55%	53%	70%	59%	61%	64%

Both Portfolios (2034) - CHP

 Criteria factors overview of the 760 MW of CHPs units to be modeled as not retained for the 2034 model year of both portfolios.

Plant Type

CCGT

Peaker

Location

PG&E

SDG&E

4th Quartile (i.e.,

highest CF, oldest)

SCE

Both Portfolios – 2034 – CHPs 900 800 17 114 700 153 229 218 600 60 MWs (NDC) 490 500 71 66 598 252 471 400 730 765 300 369 419 200 300 27 100 152 150 28 97 46 17 7 PTO CF Heat Rate LEF DAC Nox -NAZ Age Location Quartile Quartile Quartile Quartile* Quartile (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant Type) Type) Type) Type) Ozone & PM2.5 NAZ CF, Heat Rate, Age, NOx DAC LEF 1. Not in Either 1st Quartile (i.e., lowest 1. >10 mi from DAC 1. 1st Quartile CF, youngest) (largest LEF) 2. 2. < 10 mi ^{2nd} Quartile 2. 2nd & 3rd 3. 3. < 5 mi 3rd Quartile 3. 4th Quartile

4. In DAC

4. No LEF number

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4. In highest for both

Both Portfolios (2039) - CHP

 Criteria factors overview of the 1,730 MW of CHPs units to be modeled as not retained for the 2039 model year of both portfolios.

Location

PG&E

SCE

Both Portfolios – 2039 – CHPs 2.000 1,800 36 160 182 1,600 266 629 319 1,400 891 **MWs (NDC)** 951 386 1,200 791 **1,29**2 1.404 1,000 644 359 800 707 600 376 447 844 720 400 124 8 611 200 372 34: 316 324 319 64 PTO CF Heat Rate LEF DAC Nox -NAZ Age Quartile Quartile* Location Quartile Quartile Quartile (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant (by Plant Type) Type) Type) Type) Ozone & PM2.5 NAZ CF, Heat Rate, Age, NOx DAC LEF 1. >10 mi from DAC 📃 1. Not in Either 1st Quartile (i.e., lowest 1. 1st Quartile CF, youngest) (largest LEF) 2. 2. < 10 mi ^{2nd} Quartile 2. 2nd & 3rd 3. SDG&E 3. < 5 mi 3rd Quartile 3. 4th Quartile 4. In highest for both 4. In DAC 4th Quartile (i.e., 4. No LEF number highest CF, oldest) 20

High Gas Retirement Sensitivity (2039) – Comparison to CAISO's 20-year outlook

- The CAISO's <u>20-year Transmission Outlook (2021-2022)</u> included just under 15 GW of gas capacity retired.
- This table compares the locations of gas not retained in the high gas retirement sensitivity portfolio to retirements in the 20-year outlook.

	High Gas				
Local Area	Selected CCGT & Peakers (MWs)	Selected CHPs (MWs)	Sensitivity Total (MWs)	First 20-year outlook – 2040 (MWs)	
Bay Area	1,819	273	2,092	4,427	
BC/Ventura	1,153	413	1,567	695	
Fresno	526	25	551	669	
Humboldt	-	-	-	-	
Kern	304	103	407	407	
LA Basin	2,361	430	2,791	3,632	
SD-IV	_	-	-	131	
Sierra	146	8	153	153	
Stockton	25	-	25	361	
Not_in_LCR	4,205	483	4,688	3,933	
Total:	10,539	1,735	12,273	14,408	

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