PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

505 VAN NESS AVENUE SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3298

May 15, 2024



Christine Cowsert VP, Gas Asset Management and System Operations Pacific Gas and Electric Company Gas Transmission and Distribution Operations 6121 Bollinger Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583

GI-2023-08-PGE-29-20

SUBJECT: Closure letter for General Order (G.O.) 112-F Compliance Audit of Pacific Gas and Electric's Pipeline Construction and Material Traceability.

Dear Ms. Cowsert:

The Safety and Enforcement Division (SED) of the California Public Utilities Commission reviewed PG&E's response letter dated April 17, 2024, that addressed one (1) probable violation and five areas of concern noted during G.O. 112-F compliance audit of Pacific Gas and Electric Company's (PG&E) Pipeline Construction and Material Traceability. This audit was conducted on August 21 through 25 and August 28 through September 1, 2023.

Attached is a summary of SED's inspection findings, PG&E's response to SED's findings, and SED's evaluation of PG&E's responses to the findings.

This letter serves as the official closure of the 2023 G.O. 112-F audit of PG&E's Pipeline Construction and Material Traceability compliance.

If you have any questions, please contact Yi (Rocky) Yang at (415) 940-8639 or by email at yi.yang@cpuc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Matthewson Epuna Program & Project Supervisor Gas Safety & Reliability Branch Safety and Enforcement Division

Enclosure: Post-Inspection Findings and Responses

 cc: Kristina Castrence, Sr. Director, Gas Regulatory & Risk Susie Richmond, PG&E Gas Regulatory Compliance Frances Yee, PG&E Gas Regulatory Compliance Paul Camarena, PG&E Gas Regulatory Compliance Terence Eng, SED Claudia Almengor, SED Yi Yang, SED

Summary of Inspection Findings

Unsatisfactory

G.O. 112-F Reference Title 49 CFR, Part 192 Section 192.205 states in part:

§192.205(a) states:

"For steel transmission pipelines installed after July 1, 2020, an operator must collect or make, and retain for the life of the pipeline, records documenting the manufacturing standard and pressure rating to which **each valve** was manufactured and tested in accordance with this subpart."

Review of PG&E's construction documentation for project S-1137, revealed that the 2-inch regulators (2" X 1" Mooney Flow Grid) V-6 and V-8 noted on the as-built drawing were not in the Component Receiving Log or Valve Receiving Log that PG&E provided to SED during the audit. SED requested PG&E to provide the receiving log for those regulators, but PG&E was unable to provide a Component Receiving Log that showed the regulator valves V-6 and V-8. PG&E's representative explained that the regulator valves were not included in the PG&E's Material Traceability Scope log because components that are 2 inches or less were not required to be documented. PG&E argued that its material traceability scope outlined in Standard TD-4030S, covered only components greater than 2 inches with yield strength grades of 42'000 psi or greater. Also, PG&E argued that it did not classify the regulators as valves, hence, PG&E does not have to record the regulators in the component receiving log. However, the Standard TD-4030S required material traceability record for valves of all diameters, and the specification sheet from the manufacturer of the 2" X 1" Mooney Flow-Grid regulator describe it as a "Pilot Operated Valve". The As Built Drawing did not match the Bill of Material (BOM).

SED consulted PHMSA's subject matter expert regarding this issue, whether a Pilot Operated Regulator is a Valve and falls under the Valve category for material traceability. PHMSA's response was "Yes, the 2" x 1" Mooney Flow Grid regulator is used to control flow and pressure and hence it is a valve."

PHMSA indicated that the Mooney Flow Grid regulator is a valve. Therefore, PG&E is in probable violation of G.O. 112-F Reference Title 49 CFR, Part 192 Section 192.205(a).

PG&E's Response:

PG&E appreciates that SED consulted with PHMSA's subject matter expert on the Mooney Flow Grid regulator. PG&E reviewed the interpretation and maintains that the Mooney Flow Grid regulator in question is not a valve subject to the material traceability requirements of Section 192.205(a). Although the Mooney Flow Grid regulator is described as a "pilot operated valve" in the manufacturer specification sheet, the component is a pressure regulator; therefore, it is classified as a fitting pursuant to Section 192.205(a). 49 CFR Part 192.145 notes that valves must meet the minimum requirements of ANSI/API Specification 6D (API Spec 6D), which is incorporated by reference in 192.145. API Spec 6D lists various types of valves, but it does not

include pressure regulators like the Mooney Flow Grid regulator, which is not built per API Spec 6D. With regards to material traceability requirements set forth in 192.205(a), PG&E notes that the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) B31.8, "Gas Transmission and Distribution Piping Systems – ASME Code for Pressure Piping," upon which many of the 49 CFR Part 192 requirements are based, includes separate definition sections for regulators (803.6) and valves (803.7). This suggests that these are not intended to have the same meaning in the context of 192.205(a). PG&E would like to request an additional interpretation from PHMSA including this more detailed information to validate if the Mooney Flow Grid regulator is a valve pursuant to Section 192.205(a) and whether the Mooney Flow Grid regulator meets the criteria for inclusion in the Component Receiving Log or Valve Receiving Log.

If the Mooney Flow Grid regulator is considered a valve for the purposes of material traceability, the documentation required by 192.205(a) is provided on the Drawing, Bill of Materials (BOM), and Gas Design Standard (GDS), all of which have correlation through the Item number and Material Code. The 2" x 1" Mooney Flow Grid regulator in question is indicated below as Item #201 on the Drawing (Figure 1), which correlates to Item #201 on the BOM (Figure 2). Additionally, GDS H-80 (Figure 3) specifies the standard and pressure rating.

Furthermore, PG&E has obtained the manufacturer's Statement of Conformance for Mooney regulators manufactured beginning July 1, 2020. Please see Attachment 1_Mooney Statement of Conformance.

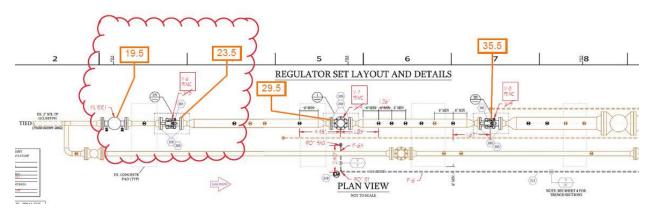


Figure 1. Station Project S-1137 As-built Drawing

REG. STATION MATERIALS (ANSI 600)								
ITEM	LLTM	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	GDSM	SHEET		
200A	X	1	2" X 1" PF APERFLUX 851 W/ SLAM SHUT, MODEL SB/82, ANSI 600	65-0252	H-103	3		
200B	X	0	SLAM SHUT SPRING, 58-109 PSIG (YELLOW/BLACK)	65-0502	H-103			
201	X	2	2" X 1" MOONEY FLANGED FLOWGRID REGULATOR, ANSI 600	03-0842	H-80	3		

Figure 2. S-1137 Bill of Materials



GAS DESIGN STANDARD MOONEY FLOWGRID REGULATOR

Publication Date: 11/20/2023 Effective Date: 02/01/2024 Rev. 8a

Purpose and Scope

This gas design standard (GDS) provides ordering instructions, specifications, part lists, and part numbers for the Mooney Flowgrid regulator assembly including: the Flowgrid regulator, Series 20 pilot, Type 24 restrictor, Type 30 filter, and slam shut controller. This GDS also provides a drawing to assist with the assembly of the Mooney Flowgrid control loop.

1 General Information

1.1. All regulators have American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) A-216 Grade weldable cast B-grade (WCB) carbon bodies and stainless steel throttle plates and springs.

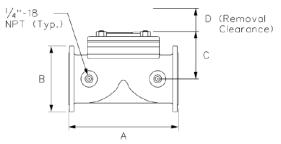


Figure 1. Mooney Flowgrid Regulator Assembly

Table 1	Mooney	Flowarid	Flanged	Regulator
	mooney	riongila	riungeu	regulator

Main			Maximum		Dimensions (Inches)					
Valve Body Size (Inches)	Number of Ports	Body Class	Inlet Pressure (psig) ¹	Pressure Drop (psi)	A	в	с	D	Weight (Pounds)	Code
2 × 1	Single	150	275	275	10.00	6.00	3.50	0.35	23	030840
		300	720	720	10.50	6.50	3.50	0.35	26	030841
		600	1440	1000	11.25	6.50	3.50	0.35	30	030842

Figure 3. PG&E GDS H-80

SED's Conclusion:

Part 192 Section 192.205(a) does not have a definition of a valve or a fitting. SED reviewed API Specification 6D requirements for the design, manufacturing, assembly, testing, and documentation of ball, check, gate, and plug valves. However, "Pilot operated valve" was not included in the API Specification 6D. Also, SED reviewed ASME B31.8, "Gas Transmission and Distribution Piping Systems – ASME Code for Pressure Piping" Sections 803.6 and 803.7 that define different types of regulators and valves. SED will consult with PHMSA. At the meantime, SED will close this 2023 G.O. 112-F audit of PG&E's Pipeline Construction and Material Traceability compliance.

Concerns

 PG&E's Pipeline Material Management Standard TD-4030S Table 1. Material Traceability Record Requirements, the applicable range for Flanges, fittings, branch connections, extruded outlets, anchor forgings, and other components (third category) specified Outer Diameter (OD) greater than 2inches with material yield strength grades of 42,000 psi (X42) or greater.

49 CFR Part 192, §192.205(a) states: "Flanges, fittings, branch connections, extruded outlets, anchor forgings, and other components with material yield strength grades of 42,000 psi (X42) or greater and with **nominal diameters** of greater than 2 inches must have records documenting the manufacturing specification in effect at the time of manufacture, including yield strength, ultimate tensile strength, and chemical composition of materials."

The applicable diameter range of components in the third category in Table 1 should be Nominal Diameter (ND) greater than 2 inches instead of Outer Diameter (OD) pursuant to Part 192 Section 192.205(a). PG&E should make the correction in table 1 of the TD-4030S. Also, SED suggests having the regulator manufacturing standard and pressure rating documented on the weld map.

PG&E's Response:

PG&E Utility Standard TD-4030S, Table 1 has been updated to reflect Nominal Diameter (ND). Please see Figure 4 below.

As the regulators were flanged-end, Utility Procedure TD-4030P-03, Section 3, does not require the non-welded connections to be shown on the weld map.



Pipeline Material Management

5.2 The scope of material components in the PG&E gas transmission materials traceability program is listed in Table 1.

Material Type	Applicable Range	Required Information Within TMD	Identification Number		
Pipe	All diameters	Diameter, yield strength, ultimate tensile strength, wall thickness, seam type, chemical composition, and results of tests, inspections, and attributes required by the manufacturing specifications applicable at the time the pipe was manufactured	Heat number or API ¹ 5L Z number ²		
Valves	All diameters	Manufacturing standard and pressure rating	Serial number or delivery unit number ²		
Fittings, Station Equipment, and Assembly	Greater than 2" ND ³ with material yield strength grades of 42,000 psi ⁴ (×42) or greater	Manufacturing specification, yield strength, ultimate tensile strength, pressure rating, and chemical composition, as applicable per the manufacturing specification	Heat number, serial number, or delivery unit number ²		

Table 1. Gas Transmission TMD Requirements

1 American Petroleum Institute 2 API 5L Z number and delivery unit number can be used for special orders such as bundled pipe, etc. 3 Nominal diameter 4 Pounds per square inch

SED's Conclusion:

SED accepts PG&E's response.

In the PG&E's Material Verification Procedure TD-4125P-11 Section 1.4, 2.1, 3.1.1, 4.2.1 and 5.1.1, PG&E used "OD" as the "nominal outside diameter" as in Part 192 Section 192.607(f)(2)(i).

49 CFR Part 192, Section 192.205(a) and (b) related to material traceability refers to "nominal diameters" for covered pipe components, but Part 192 Section 192.607(f)(2)(i) related to material verification refers to "nominal outside diameter" for covered pipe components.

SED consulted PHMSA for clarification on the differences between the two terms "nominal diameters" and "nominal outside diameter" as used in Section 192.205 and Section 192.607. PHMSA's response was that "Nominal Diameter greater than 2 inches and Nominal Outside Diameter larger than 2 inches mean pipes greater than 2.375-inches Outside Diameter pipe". SED concluded that the "Nominal Outside Diameter" used in Section 192.607 is in line with the "Nominal Diameters" used in Section 192.205 and should be used as "ND". PG&E should revise its use of the "OD" in TD-4125P-11 to read "ND".

PG&E's Response:

As indicated above, "Nominal outside diameter (OD)" as referenced in sections 1.4 and subsequent sections of PG&E Utility Standard TD-4125P-11, are consistent with 192.607 and 192.205. However, for the sake of clarity, TD-4125P- 11 will be updated to change references of "OD" to "ND".

SED's Conclusion:

SED accepts PG&E's response.

3). SED observed PG&E's inconsistency of save-a-valve (SAV) documentation on the weld maps.

- Project R-965, indicated six 2-inch SAVs on the final tie-in map at joints TI-104, TI-105, TI-67, TI-68, W-95 and TI-111 were not assigned any component numbers and were all marked as "FXXX". The specifications were filled out in the description.
- In Project R-445, there were three SAVs in the final tie-in map at joints TI-10, TI-11 and TI-7 with assigned component numbers F-11, F-12, and F-8, but no material specifications were recorded in the description.
- The job aid Weld Map example in the TD-4030P-03-JA02 has the SAV with complete component number F-6 and its specifications recorded in the description.

SED is concerned that the inconsistency in the documentation of SAVs' specifications may trigger future material verification pursuant to Part 192, Section 192.607(f)(3) requirements.

SED recommends PG&E apply a consistent documentation practice that includes the ANSI rating or pressure rating for SAVs that are 2 inches or less and update the weld map instruction.

PG&E's Response:

Pursuant to 192.205(a), 2-inch save-a-valves which are fittings, are out of scope for gas transmission material traceability since they do not meet the "nominal diameters of greater than 2 inches". The sample weld map in PG&E job aid TD-4030P-03-JA02 is for visual guidance only. However, to provide clarity, the sample weld map will be updated to show only the size for specification and the description of the save-a-valve.

SED's Conclusion:

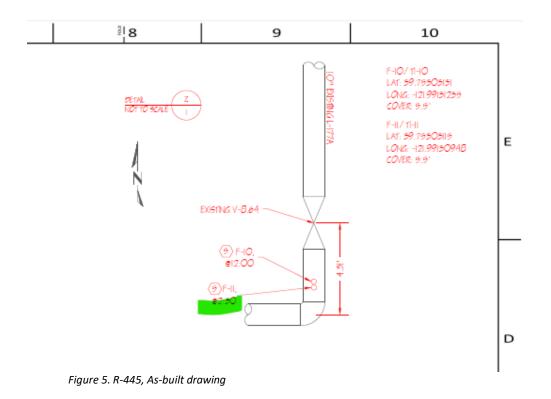
SED accepts PG&E's response.

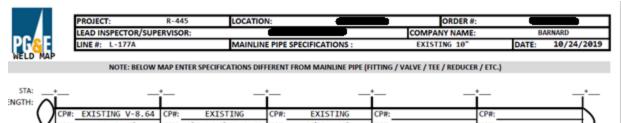
4). In Project -R445, the description of the save-a-valve F11 on the weld map indicated the F11 location to be @ 2:30. However, the as-built drawing description showed that the location of F11 was @10:30.

SED recommends PG&E verify the location of the save-a-valve F11 and make the final tie-in weld map description consistent with the as-built drawing.

PG&E's Response:

PG&E disagrees with this finding. Both the as-built drawing (Figure 5) and weld map (Figure 6) indicate save-a-valve F-11 to be at the 2:30 position.





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SED's Conclusion:

SED accepts PG&E's response. However, SED may verify the as-built drawing during future audits.

5). Incomplete Component naming/description on a hydrotest weld map of R-445.

- Description of the location of the Save-a-valve F-25 was documented as 0.5 feet from TW-122, whereas it should have been TW-121.
- The save-a-valve installed on pipe P-111A was recorded as F- with no assigned component number.
- Pipe component P-100B was used twice in hydrotest weld map (26.52' at STA 0+46.54 and 1.00' at STA 47+29.08). There was another section of 5.54 feet pipe labelled P-100 instead of P-100E that was used for the hydrotest tie-in bullet. In SED's DR#24, PG&E clarified that the 26.52 feet of P-100B should be P-100D. P-100 was cut out and used for fit-up at the tie-in location and became P-100C. The P-100A, P-100B, and P-100D were cut out after the hydrotest and scraped and were not put into service.
- Pipe sections labelled P-55 (28.17' at STA 46+12.28) and P-55B (12.73' P-55B at STA 47+16.39) were used instead of P-55A and P-55B.

The Weld map was completed on 10/17/2019. PG&E did not have guidelines for labeling of pipe components prior to the material labeling standard in TD-4030P-03, that went into effect on 10/19/2019. Although those pipe sections/components were not permanently installed on the pipe, SED recommends that PG&E document accurately the component number and description of the pipe segments/sections.

PG&E's Response:

 PG&E agrees that save-a-valve F-25 should have been recorded as TW-121 on the weld map. PG&E notes this was correctly recorded as TW-121 on the hydrotest test sketch. TW-121 was temporary and not in service.

SED's Conclusion:

SED accepts PG&E's response.

PG&E's Response:

b. Pursuant to the criteria of 192.205(a), 2-inch nominal diameter SAV P-111A is not required to have its component number recorded since it does not meet the "nominal diameters of greater than 2 inches."

SED's Conclusion:

SED accepts PG&E's response.

PG&E's Response:

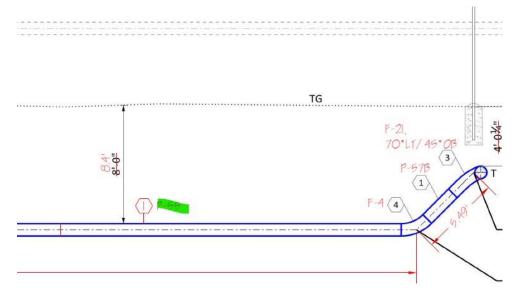
c. PG&E agrees; however, as noted PG&E provided SED with traceable documentation that substantiated the correction and that the corrections were made, in the response to data request (DR) #24.

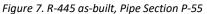
SED's Conclusion:

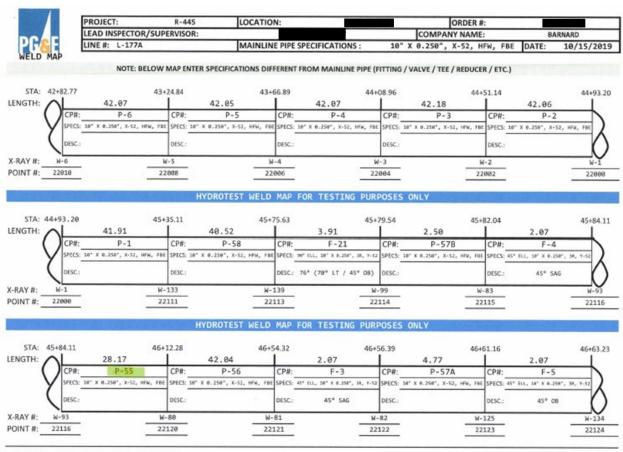
<u>S</u>ED accepts PG&E's response.

PG&E's Response:

d. PG&E disagrees with this finding. Both the as-built drawing (Figure 7) and hydrotest weld map (Figure 8) depict P-55.







WELD MAP (JUNE 2012) GC-GT DIVISION, WALNUT CREEK

Sheet 10 of 12

Figure 8. R-445, Pipe Section P-55 Hydrotest Weld Map

SED's Conclusion: SED accepts PG&E's response. SED may verify the weld maps during future audits.