Attachment 1:

Approved Safety Performance Metrics (Version 1.0)

Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	Leading or lagging indicator?	IOUs Required to Report
1. Transmission & Distribution (T&D) Overhead Wires Down	Wildfire Transmission Overhead Conductor Distribution Overhead Conductor Primary	Electric	Number of wire down events	Number of instances where an electric transmission or primary distribution conductor is broken and falls from its intended position to rest on the ground or a foreign object; excludes down secondary distribution wires and "Major Event Days" (typically due to severe storm events) as defined by the IEEE.	Lagging	PG&E, SCE, SDG&E
2. Transmission & Distribution (T&D) Overhead Wires Down - Major Event Days	Wildfire Transmission Overhead Conductor Distribution Overhead Conductor Primary	Electric	Number of wire down events	Number of instances where an electric transmission or primary distribution conductor is broken and falls from its intended position to rest on the ground or a foreign object; includes down secondary distribution wires. Includes "Major Event Days" (typically due to severe storm events) as defined by the IEEE.	Lagging	PG&E, SCE, SDG&E
3. Electric Emergency Response	Wildfire Overhead Conductor Public Safety Worker Safety	Electric	Percentage of time response is within 60 mins	The percent of time utility personnel respond (are on-site) within one hour after receiving a 911 (electric related) call, with on-site defined as arriving at the premises to which the 911 call relates.	Lagging	PG&E, SCE, SDG&E
4. Fire Ignitions	Overhead Conductor Wildfire Public Safety Worker Safety Catastrophic Event Preparedness	Electric	Number of ignitions	The number of powerline-involved fire incidents annually reportable to the CPUC per Decision 14-02-015. A reportable fire incident includes all of the following: 1) Ignition is associated with a utility's powerlines and 2) something other than the utility's facilities burned and 3) the resulting fire traveled more than one meter from the ignition point.	Lagging	PG&E, SCE, SDG&E

Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	Leading or lagging indicator?	IOUs Required to Report
	Transmission Pipeline Failure - Rupture with Ignition					
5. Gas Dig-in	Distribution Pipeline Rupture with Ignition (non- Cross Bore) Catastrophic Damage involving Gas Infrastructure (Dig-Ins)	Gas	The number of 3rd party gas dig-ins per 1,000 USA tags/tickets	The number of 3rd party gas dig-ins per 1,000 Underground Service Alert (USA) tags/tickets for gas. Excludes fiber and Electric tickets. A gas dig-in refers to any damage (impact or exposure) that results in a repair or replacement of underground gas facility as a result of an excavation. A third party dig-in is damage caused by someone other than the utility or a utility contractor.	Lagging	PG&E, SDG&E, SoCalGas
6. Gas In-Line Inspection	Catastrophic Damage Involving High-Pressure Pipeline Failure	Gas	Reported two ways: 1. Miles Inspected 2. Total number of inspections scheduled/ Total number of targeted inspections	Total miles of transmission pipe inspected by inline inspection	Leading	PG&E, SDG&E, SoCalGas
7. Gas in-Line Upgrade	Catastrophic Damage Involving High-Pressure Pipeline Failure	Gas	Miles	Miles upgraded	Leading	PG&E

Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	Leading or lagging indicator?	IOUs Required to Report
			Number of cross bore			
	Catastrophic		intrusions per 1,000			
	Damage Involving		inspections			PG&E,
10. Cross Bore	Medium Pressure					SDG&E,
Intrusions	Pipeline Failure	Gas		Cross bore intrusions found per 1,000 inspections	Leading	SoCalGas
			Average response time			
			in minutes,			
			additionally: response			
			times in five-minute			
			intervals, segregated			
			first by business hours			
			(0800 – 1700 hours), after business hours			
			and weekends/legal			
			state holidays. The			
			intervals start with 0-5			
			minutes, all the way to			
			40-45 minutes, an			
			interval of 45-60			
11. Gas	Distribution		minutes and then all	The average time that a Gas Service Representative or a		PG&E,
Emergency	Pipeline Rupture		response times greater	qualified first responder takes to respond after receiving a		SDG&E,
Response	with Ignition	Gas	than 60 minutes.	call which results in an emergency order.	Lagging	SoCalGas
12. Natural Gas						
Storage Baseline				Tracks the progress of completing baseline and		PG&E,
Inspections				reassessment inspections that were expected to be		SDG&E,
Performed	Gas storage	Gas	Number of Inspections	completed within a given year	Lagging	SoCalGas

					Leading or lagging	IOUs Required
Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	indicator?	to Report
13. Percentage of						
the Gas System	Catastrophic					
that can be	Damage Involving					
Internally	High-Pressure			The ratio of transmission pipe miles that can be inspected		SDG&E,
Inspected	Pipeline Failure	Gas	Percentage	internally to all transmission pipe miles.	Leading	SoCalGas
				A work-related injury or illness that results in a fatality,		
				inpatient hospitalization for more than 24 hours (other		_
14. Employee				than for observation purposes), a loss of any member of		PG&E, SCE,
Serious Injuries			Number of Serious	the body, or any serious degree of permanent		SDG&E,
and Fatalities	Employee Safety	Injuries	Injuries and Fatalities	disfigurement.	Lagging	SoCalGas
15. Employee						
Days Away,			DART Cases times	DART Rate is calculated based on number of OSHA-		2005 505
Restricted and			200,000 divided by	recordable injuries resulting in Days Away from work		PG&E, SCE,
Transfer (DART)	5 1 66.		employee hours	and/or Days on Restricted Duty or Job Transfer, and hours		SDG&E,
Rate	Employee Safety	Injuries	worked	worked. This measures the number of LWD cases incurred for	Lagging	SoCalGas
				employees and staff augmentation (excluding contractors)		
				per 200,000 hours worked, or for approximately every 100 employees. A LWD Case is a current year OSHA		
				Recordable incident that has resulted in at least one lost		
				workday. An OSHA Recordable incident is an occupational		
				(job related) injury or illness that requires medical		
				treatment beyond first aid, or results in work restrictions,		
16. Employee			Number of LWD Cases	death or loss of consciousness. The formula is: LWD Case		
Lost Workday			/ productive hours	Rate = Number of LWD Cases / productive hours worked x		
Case Rate	Employee Safety	Injuries	worked x 200,000.	200,000.	Lagging	PG&E
- Cuse Hate	Zimployee Surety	injunes	Worked X 200,000	An OSHA recordable incident is an occupational (job-	2488118	. 602
			Rate; OSHA	related) injury or illness that requires medical treatment		
			recordables times	beyond first aid, or results in work restrictions, death or		
17. Employee			200,000 divided by	loss of consciousness. OSHA recordable rate is calculated		
OSHA			employee hours	as OSHA recordable times 200,000 divided by employee		
Recordables Rate	Employee Safety	Injuries	worked.	hours worked.	Lagging	PG&E

					Leading or lagging	IOUs Required
Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	indicator?	to Report
			OSHA recordable times	An OSHA recordable incident is an occupational (job-		
			200,000 divided by	related) injury or illness that requires medical treatment		
			contractor hours	beyond first aid, or results in work restrictions, death or		
18. Contractor			worked associated	loss of consciousness. OSHA recordable rate is calculated		PG&E, SCE,
OSHA	Contractor Safety		with work for the	as OSHA recordable times 200,000 divided by contractor		SDG&E,
Recordables Rate		Injuries	reporting utility.	hours worked.	Lagging	SoCalGas
			OSHA recordable times			
			200,000 divided by	DART Rate: Days Away, Restricted and Transfer (DART)		
19. Contractor			contractor hours	Cases include OSHA-recordable Lost Work Day Cases and		
Days Away,			worked associated	injuries that involve job transfer or restricted work		
Restricted	Contractor Safety		with work for the	activity. DART Rate is calculated as DART Cases times		
Transfer (DART)		Injuries	reporting utility.	200,000 divided by contractor hours worked.	Lagging	PG&E
			Number of work-	A work-related injury or illness that results in a fatality,		
			related injuries or	inpatient hospitalization for more than 24 hours (other		
20. Contractor			illnesses associated	than for observation purposes), a loss of any member of		PG&E, SCE,
Serious Injuries	Contractor Safety		with work for the	the body, or any serious degree of permanent		SDG&E,
and Fatalities		Injuries	reporting utility.	disfigurement.	Lagging	SoCalGas
				This measures the number of Lost Workday (LWD) cases		
				incurred for contractors per 200,000 hours worked (for		
				approximately every 100 contractors).		
			Number of Lost	A Lost Workday Case is a current year OSHA Recordable		
			Workday (LWD) cases	incident that has resulted in at least one lost workday.		
			incurred for	An OSHA Recordable incident is an occupational (job		
			contractors per	related) injury or illness that requires medical treatment		
			200,000 hours worked	beyond first aid, or results in work restrictions, death or		
21. Contractor			associated with work	loss of consciousness.		PG&E, SCE,
Lost Work Day	Contractor Safety		for the reporting	The formula is: LWD Case Rate = Number of LWD Cases /		SDG&E,
Case Rate	·	Injuries	utility.	productive hours worked x 200,000.	Lagging	SoCalGas
				A fatality or personal injury requiring in-patient		
22. Public Serious				hospitalization involving utility facilities or equipment.		PG&E, SCE,
Injuries and	Public Safety		Number of Serious	Equipment includes utility vehicles used during the course		SDG&E,
Fatalities		Injuries	Injuries and Fatalities	of business.	Lagging	SoCalGas

Metric Name	Risks	Category	Units	Metric Description	Leading or lagging indicator?	IOUs Required to Report
			Number of accidents			
	Aviation Safety		or incidents (as			
	Helicopter		defined in 49 CFR			
	Operations		Section 830.5			
23. Helicopter/	Public Safety		"Immediate			PG&E, SCE,
Flight Accident or	Worker Safety		Notification") per	Defined by Federal Aviation Regulations (FARs),		SDG&E,
Incident	Employee Safety	Vehicle	100,000 flight hours.	reportable to FAA per 49-CFR-830.	Lagging	SoCalGas
			Total number of SIF			
			corrective actions			
			completed on time (as			
			measured by the due			
24. Percentage of			date accepted by Line			
Serious Injury and			of Business Corrective			
Fatality			Action Review Boards			
Corrective			(CARB)) divided by the			
Actions	Employee Safety		total number of SIF	The percentage of SIF corrective actions completed on		
Completed on	Contractor Safety		corrective actions past	time. A SIF corrective action is one that is tied to a SIF		
Time	Public Safety	Injuries	due or completed.	actual or potential injury or near hit.	Leading	PG&E
			Total number of hard			
			braking events per	The total number of hard braking events (>=8 mph per		
25. Hard Brake	Motor Vehicle		thousand miles driven	second decrease in speed) per thousand miles driven in a		
Rate	Safety	Vehicle	in a given period	given period.	Leading	PG&E
			Total number of Driver			
26.			Check complaint calls	This measures the total number of Driver Check complaint		
Driver's Check	Motor Vehicle		received per 1 million	calls received per 1 million miles driven by vehicles		
Rate	Safety	Vehicle	miles driven	included in the Driver Check program.	Leading	PG&E