

RECOMMENDATION

Proposed Changes to CPUC Requirements Governing Electrical Utility Records-Keeping Practices and the Creation of an Electrical Component Inventory

Proposed Changes to Present Records-Keeping Practices:

The Utility Project recommends that the California Public Utilities Commission adopt the following alterations to the present criteria governing electrical utility records-keeping practices:

Require by the year 2020, all utility companies:¹

- Keep all contemporary records digitally, and convert legacy² Electrical Grid records to digital form. ³
- Keep accurate, current, traceable, verifiable, and complete logs of all inspections, maintenance, and construction work performed
- Create an accurate, current, traceable, verifiable and complete inventory of Electrical Grid components

¹ Specifically with regard to PG&E, according to the history of PG&E posted on its website “1960—PG&E began to utilize computer technology and converts to electronic *billing (sic)*, processing 100,000 bills a day”.

There is no similar website notation regarding the introduction of computer technology by PG&E to other Grid operations or records-keeping. Contained within the PG&E service area are the headquarters of corporations that have developed the finest mega-data manipulation and storage systems known to humankind. All that is needed to have Energy System information systems, (other than billing), enter the 21st century is sufficient commitment from PG&E to do so.

² “In the general context, it can refer to any of the older database technologies. In a more specific context, it can refer to a database system that was inherited by a team from previous project owners. (from *Additional Documents Archive*)
Definition of the term Legacy Database

³ As of June 9, 2011, the Independent Review Panel investigating the particulars of the San Bruno explosion characterized PG&E’s efforts at keeping records “inchoate”. (from *Additional Documents Archive*)
Independent Review Panel Executive Summary pg. 8

Proposed Electrical Grid Component Inventory:

Why is the Utility Project Advocating the Creation of an Inventory of Electrical Components?

The compilation of an Electrical Grid component inventory would:

Provide utility operations managers and public officials with a highly accurate, verifiable, system-wide assessment of the present condition of Electrical Grid components.

Create a component master list that would be used to direct future programs of replacement and upgrades, and inform risk management and planning decisions.

Proposed Guidelines for the Compilation of an Electrical Component Inventory:

The Inventory would be compiled by assigning each Electrical Grid component a unique utility company identification designation and digitally linking it to the following:

- The Electrical Grid Inspection and Maintenance Logs
- A data file archiving the component's type and composition, *e.g.*:
 - ✓ Utility pole (dimensions, treated timber)
 - ✓ Conductors (American Wire Gauge [AWG], copper, type of insulation, if any)
 - ✓ Circuit breaker (type, manufacturer's nameplate data)
 - ✓ Conduits (dimensions, plastic-coated rigid)
- A date of manufacture or fabrication
- A date of field installation
 - ✓ *This would permit tracking the component's interval of time-in-service, weathering, etc., and would facilitate the replacement of aging or undersized components prior to failure.*
 - ✓ *This would facilitate public monitoring of that replacement of aging components, installation of component upgrades, and implementation of mandated safety measures.*
 - ✓ *This would also facilitate public monitoring of the proper application of monies earmarked for Grid improvements⁴*

⁴ *e.g.*, (from the *Additional Documents Archive*) 2012 1-16 Utility Report Underlines Shame

- A GPS location⁵
 - ✓ *Unique component designations linked to specific locations would direct accurate performance of mandated inspection and maintenance cycles.*
 - ✓ *In the event of emergencies, knowing precise component locations would greatly assist the efforts of emergency response teams.*
 - ✓ *In the case of wire, conduit or pipeline runs, flumes, etc., GPS locations should be recorded at the start and endpoints, as well as the locations of vector changes in between.*
 - ✓ *The precision afforded by GPS marking would decrease the likelihood of damage by third parties, particularly with respect to underground utility installations.*

⁵ TUP would recommend that this activity be undertaken in co-operation with the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM), Pipe Line Safety Division, Pipeline-GIS/Mapping